Regional Health Cooperation in the Greater Mekong Subregion

Diseases don't recognize borders and threaten economic development

ADB's Health Sector Work in the Greater Mekong Subregion

WORKING GROUP ON HEALTH COOPERATION

GMS HEALTH COOPERATION STRATEGY: Health security, connectivity and mobility, workforce development **REGIONAL INVESTMENT FRAMEWORK:** pipeline for all stakeholders

GMS HEALTH SECURITY PROJECT:

Laboratory strengthening and infection prevention and control









COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL PROJECT 2 + ADDITIONAL FINANCING:

Specific diseases (Malaria)







COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL PROJECT 1:

Specific diseases

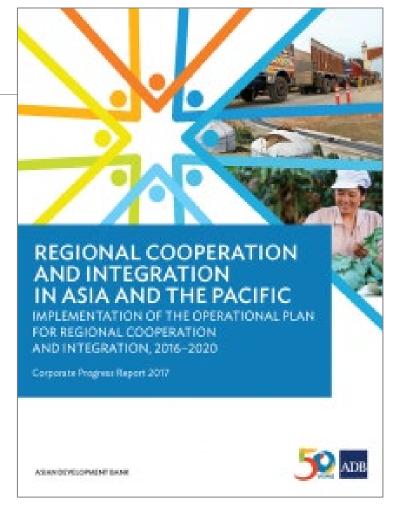




GMS Health Regional Cooperation

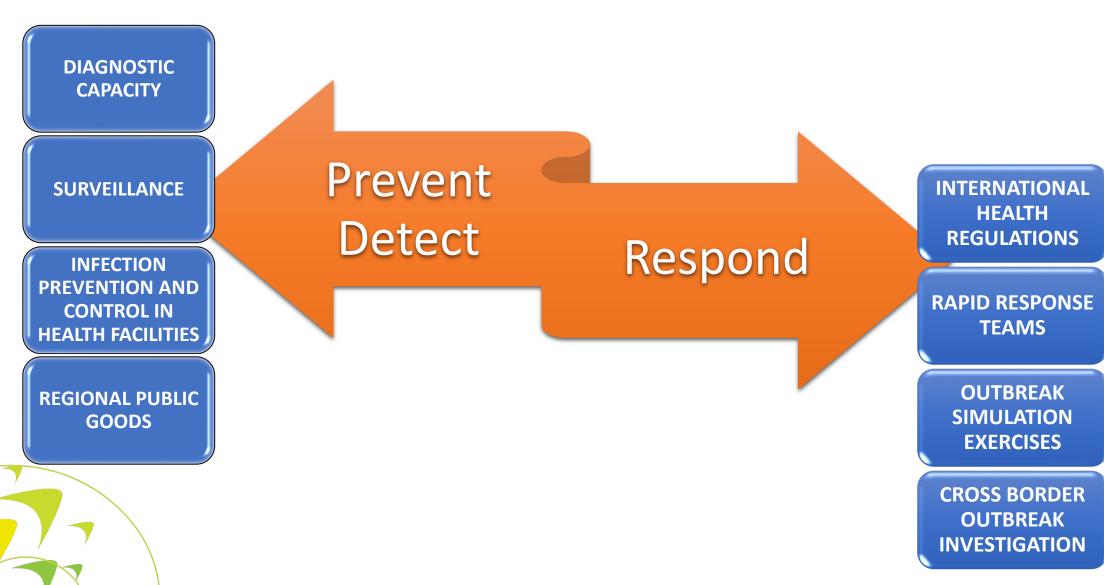
Focus on action plan to support the three pillars of the GMS Health Cooperation Strategy:

- (i) strengthening national health systems to address transnational health threats and health security as a regional public good;
- (ii) respond to the health challenges and health impacts as a result of connectivity and mobility;and
- (iii) health workforce development
- Reinforced by LONG-TERM STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK GMS-GREATER MEKONG SUBREGION 2030 and the COVID-19 RESPONSE PLAN 2021–2023
- Aligned with WHO's International Health Regulations and ASEAN commitments on COVID-19 response





Continuous Health System Strengthening



ADB

Country	Total Budget (\$ million)	Amount Allocated for Health (\$ million)
CAM	250.00	80.00
INO	1,500.00	250.00
MYA	250.00	75.00
PHI	1,500.00	250.00
THA	1,500.00	200.00

ADB'S RAPID COVID-19 RESPONSE IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

- The coronavirus disease (COVID-19) has had devastating impacts in Southeast Asia. The Asian Development Bank (ADB) quickly responded with a substantial assistance package, and continues to work on additional support to help countries address the impacts of the pandemic.
- In Southeast Asia, ADB's support is focused on three crucial areas: (i) supporting healthcare responses to save lives; (ii) supporting the poorest and most vulnerable suffering dire economic hardship; and (iii) addressing the devastating impacts of COVID-19 on businesses and economies to help countries rebound after the crisis.





•The COVID-19 Active Response and Expenditure Support (CARES) Program

strengthen the country's healthcare system, increase social assistance to the poor and vulnerable, and provide economic stimulus to businesses, including small and medium enterprises.





INDONESIA

\$1.5 billion to support the government in expanding social assistance programs, boosting resources for COVID-19 prevention and control, and safeguarding workers and productive sectors from the economic downturn.

MYANMAR

vso million to support the government's COVID-19

conse through social assistance to poor, disadvantaged

vt-risk groups, the strengthening of healthcare

vs, and support for micro, small and medium

vses.





PHILIPPINES

\$1.5 billion to support government response programs, such as those increasing funding for social protection, providing assistance to small businesses, and expanding health measures to stop the spread of the pandemic.





ADB is working to mobilize further financial support and technical assistance to strengthen the health sector's pandemic response capacity.
Additionally, ADB will be providing \$1.5 million in technical assistance to support the procurement of critical medical supplies, including PPE for health care workers.

A \$45 million project will improve the quality of health care services and facilities, and will also support COVID-19 related responses.

Other support being explored includes an additional \$20+30 million in assistance under the GMS Health Security project. (Lao PDR and Myanmar). Additional support for Cambodia expected.

Discussions on COVID-19 vaccines support are commencing among GMS countries. ADB is considering a wide financing strategy and package (both loans and TA)

ADB has also started preparing the \$72 million GMS Healthy Border Project for Cambodia, Lao PDR, and Myanmar. The project will improve access to health services for migrant workers, and will be partially repurposed for COVID-19 response.



Areas of possible joint collaboration in the GMS and ASEAN regions (1)

- ASEAN Consensus on the Protection and Promotion of the Rights of Migrant Workers – new ADB project on migration and health that will support points-of-entry and health facilities for sanitation and hygiene, testing, and isolation and quarantine for facilitating safe movement of people.
- Investing in **digital health solitons** that facilitate the movement of people across the region adapting to the new normal and improving border health services.
- Continue responding to all hazards and emerging health threats including, pandemics and emerging and re-emerging infectious diseases, and strengthening public health systems and access to healthcare ASEAN Centre for Public Health Emergencies and Emerging Diseases.

Areas of possible joint collaboration in the GMS and ASEAN regions (2)

- Addressing the nexus between Animal and Human Health –
 new initiative working with Nossal Institute to document
 evidence-based practices and new approaches for improved
 prevention and response to One Health challenges.
- Building core capacity for ensuring timely access to a **safe** and effective COVID-19 vaccine. Large gaps in capacity for vaccine manufacturing as well as regulatory capacity for medical products exist in the region. Financial and technical resources for vaccine sourcing, procurement, distribution, and delivery are a further constraint. The GMS Program can assess the needs and gaps for vaccines and promote regional mechanisms for pooled procurement to achieve timely access and better negotiating power with major manufacturers.
- Explore intraregional capacity building, learning exchanges and skills transfer in common areas of interest, especially medicine, nursing, public health, field epidemiology and traditional medicines

Areas of possible joint collaboration in the GMS and ASEAN regions (3)

- Strengthening the link between GMS investments for CLMV and the Initiative on ASEAN Integration that seeks to bridge the GAP between CLMV and other member states. The Initiative helps ASEAN's newer Member States implement ASEAN commitments and agreements.
- Strengthening cross-sectoral collaboration and addressing health impacts in other sectors: road safety strategies zero tolerance to rad fatalities, air pollution impacts on vulnerable populations, water and vector borne diseases etc.
- Study on 2 decades on investment in regional health security, which includes ADB-ASEAN SARS/H1N1 collaboration under way.
- Action Plan on Health (GMS/ASEAN/ADB). Institutionalize health collaboration in areas where a parentship bring value and benefits to the region.